REPORT ON AUDIT OF COMPONENT UNIT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2013

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Commissioners Livingston Parish Gravity Drainage District Five Livingston Parish Council Walker, Louisiana

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund (the General Fund), and the budgetary comparison statement of the General Fund of the Livingston Parish Gravity Drainage District Five, "the District", a component unit of the Livingston Parish Council, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the

circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Basis for Modified Opinion

As described in Note 11 to the financial statements, management has not recorded an estimated expenditure, liability, revenue or receivable related to Hurricane Gustav debris removal services received under a cooperative endeavor agreement between the Livingston Parish Council and the Livingston Parish Gravity Drainage District Five. Documentation related to the costs associated with these services has not been provided by the Livingston Parish Council or the debris removal contractors for management to be able to estimate and record the estimated amounts in the financial statements.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that an adequate estimate be reported in the financial statements for receivables, liabilities, revenues and expenditures to account for the debris removal services and the associated grant reimbursements. The amount by which this departure would affect the assets, liabilities, fund balances, net position, revenues, and expenditures of the Government-Wide and the General Fund is not reasonably determinable as sufficient documentation was not available to adequately estimate the financial transactions.

Opinions

In our opinion, except for the effect of the matter described in the "Basis for Modified Opinion" paragraph, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the major fund (the General Fund) of the Livingston Parish Gravity Drainage District Five as of December 31, 2013, and the budgetary comparison statement of the General Fund and the changes in financial position for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Report on Summarized Comparative Information

We have previously audited the Livingston Parish Gravity Drainage District Five's December 31, 2012 financial statements, and we expressed a modified opinion on those audited financial statements in our report dated May 13, 2013. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended December 31, 2012 is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis information on pages 4 through 9 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the

Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated May 27, 2014, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Respectfully submitted,

Flannis J. Bourgeois, LLP

Denham Springs, Louisiana May 27, 2014

Livingston Parish Gravity Drainage District Five Walker, Louisiana Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2013

Introduction

The Livingston Parish Gravity Drainage District Five (the District) is pleased to present its Annual Financial Statements developed in compliance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements - Management's Discussion and Analysis - For State and Local Governments (GASB 34), and related standards.

The District's discussion and analysis is designed to (a) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (b) provide an overview of the District's financial activity, (c) identify changes in the District's financial position, (d) identify any significant variations from the District's financial plan, and (e) identify individual fund issues or concerns.

Since Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes, and currently known facts, please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements in this report.

Financial Highlights

At December 31, 2013, the District's assets exceeded its liabilities by \$2,566,060 (net position). Of this amount, \$1,827,944 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to its citizens.

For the year ended December 31, 2013, the District's total net position increased by \$82,834.

At December 31, 2013, the District's general fund reported an ending fund balance of \$1,832,929, an increase of \$217,489 for the year.

At December 31, 2013, the District had cash and cash equivalents of \$965,806, including cash in the Louisiana Asset Management Pool of \$301,899, and investments including certificates of deposit of \$598,599 which represents a net increase in cash and investments of \$201,551 from the prior year.

For the year ended December 31, 2013, the District had capital asset additions of \$10,210 on the government-wide financials and depreciation expense of \$143,557.

Overview of the Annual Financial Report

The financial statement focus is on both the District as a whole and on the major individual fund. Both perspectives, government-wide and the major fund, allow the user to address relevant questions, broaden a basis for comparison, and enhance the District's accountability. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The MD&A is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which consist of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net position presents information on the District's assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, in a manner similar to the accounting used by private business enterprises. The difference between the assets and liabilities is reported as net position. Over time, the increases or decreases in net position and changes in the components of net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year, focusing on both the gross and net costs of various activities that are supported by the District's general tax and other revenues. This is intended to summarize and simplify the reader's analysis of the cost of various governmental services.

The District's activities are presented as Governmental activities.

• Governmental activities - The District's basic services are reported here. These activities are financed primarily by sales taxes.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related and legal requirements. The District uses a governmental fund to account for financial transactions. Traditional users of governmental financial statements will find the fund financial statements presentation more familiar.

Governmental funds are used to account for most of the District's basic services. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances that are left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps to determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, there are differences in the information presented for governmental funds and for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Review of these differences provides the reader of the financial statements insight on the long-term impact of the District's more immediate decisions on the current use of financial resources.

Both the governmental fund Balance Sheet and the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The following table provides a summary of the District's net position for the current year as compared to the prior year.

Net Position 2013 and 2012

	Governmental Activities			
	2013	2012		
Assets:				
Current and Other Assets	\$ 1,855,604	\$ 1,643,374		
Capital Assets	738,116	871,463		
Total Assets	2,593,720	2,514,837		
Liabilities:				
Other Liabilities	27,660	31,611		
Total Liabilities	27,660	31,611		
Net Position:				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	738,116	871,463		
Unrestricted	1,827,944	1,611,763		
Total Net Position	\$ 2,566,060	\$ 2,483,226		

Approximately 29 percent of the District's net position reflects its net investment in capital assets. These capital assets are used to provide services to citizens and do not represent resources available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. There was no long term debt on capital assets at December 31, 2013.

Approximately 71 percent of the District's net position are unrestricted and may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to its citizens.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the District was able to report positive balances in all categories of net position, both for the District as a whole, as well as for separate governmental activities. The same held true for the prior fiscal year.

The District's activities increased its total net position by \$82,834. In order to further understand what makes up the changes in net position, the following table provides a summary of the results of the District's activities for the current year as compared to the prior year. An analysis of the primary sources of these changes follows the table. For more detailed information, see the Statement of Activities in this report.

Changes in Net Position For the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

	Governmental Activities				
	2013	2012			
Revenues:	***************************************				
General Revenues:					
Sales Taxes	\$ 1,471,068	\$ 1,498,569			
Interest Income	3,308	4,516			
Miscellaneous	-	36,717			
Total Revenues	1,474,376	1,539,802			
Expenses: Public Works Total Expenses	1,391,542 1,391,542	1,299,237 1,299,237			
Change in Net Position Net Position, Beginning	82,834 2,483,226	240,565 2,242,661			
Net Position, Ending	\$ 2,566,060	\$ 2,483,226			

Governmental Activities

Revenues for governmental activities decreased by \$65,426 or four percent, due primarily to a decrease in sales tax revenue of \$27,501 or two percent (primarily from sales tax sales activity decreases), and a decrease in gain on the sale of capital assets of \$36,717. Sales tax revenues represent 99.8 percent of the District's total revenues.

The Parish Council of the Parish of Livingston, State of Louisiana held an election on January 15, 2005, requesting the authorization for the renewal of the collection for ten years from the date of the first levy of the sales tax at one half of one per cent within the Livingston Parish Gravity Drainage District Five. The sales tax was renewed and the results were filed with the Secretary of State on March 1, 2005.

On October 28, 2013, the District passed a resolution requesting an election to be held on April 5, 2014. The purpose of the election is to renew the one half of one percent sales tax for a period of ten years for acquiring drainage works, equipment and facilities necessary to construct, maintain, and operate outlets for the water of the District, and prevent flooding. The voters of the District elected to renew the sales taxes for ten years on the election held on April 5, 2014.

Expenses increased by seven percent, with the greatest increase consisting of salaries and benefits of \$44,050. Other increases included repairs and maintenance of \$17,417, depreciation of \$15,242, and professional expenses \$12,682. These are offset by decreases in contract labor in the amount of \$5,429 and collection costs in the amount of \$3,886.

This follows a three percent decrease in total expenses in 2012 and less than a one percent increase in expenses from 2010 to 2011.

Fund Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the year.

The general fund is the only fund of the District. At the end of the current year, the total fund balance for the general fund was \$1,832,929, \$49,319 of which was considered nonspendable under GASB 54 fund balance and \$1,783,610 was unassigned. Total fund balance represented 146 percent of total general fund expenditures.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013, actual revenues and other sources were above budgeted amounts and actual expenditures were below budgeted amounts. This resulted in favorable variances and there were no violations of the Local Government Budget Act.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The District's investment in capital assets as of December 31, 2013 amounts to \$738,116 (net of depreciation). The total decrease in the District's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$133,347 (net of depreciation).

The following table provides a summary of the District's capital assets (net of depreciation) at the end of the current year as compared to the prior year. For more detailed information, see Note 5 of the financial statements.

Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation) 2013 and 2012

	Governmental Activities				
		2013	2012		
Capital Assets					
Land and Right of Way	\$	73,878	\$	73,878	
Buildings and Improvements		308,672		308,672	
Machinery and Equipment		1,393,594		1,383,384	
Furniture and Fixtures		22,675		22,675	
Vehicles		253,030		253,030	
Subtotal Capital Assets		2,051,849		2,041,639	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	((1,313,733)	(1,170,176)	
Captial Assets, Net	\$	738,116	\$	871,463	

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, creditors and investors with a general overview of the District's finances and show the District's accountability for the money it receives. Questions regarding this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Livingston Parish Gravity Drainage District Five, Post Office Box 328, Walker, LA 70785.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

DECEMBER 31, 2013 (With Comparative Totals as of December 31, 2012)

	Governmental Activities			
	2013	2012		
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 663,907	\$ 465,358		
Investments	900,498	897,496		
Receivables:				
Intergovernmental	241,001	237,007		
Prepaid Expenses	49,319	42,634		
Other Assets	879	879		
Capital Assets:				
Non-depreciable	73,878	73,878		
Depreciable, Net	664,238	797,585		
Total Assets	\$ 2,593,720	\$ 2,514,837		
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	\$ 6,291	\$ 7,899		
Other Accrued Liabilities	16,384	20,035		
Long-Term Liabilities Due Within One Year	4,985	3,677		
Total Liabilities	27,660	31,611		
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	738,116	871,463		
Unrestricted	1,827,944	1,611,763		
Total Net Position	2,566,060	2,483,226		
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ 2,593,720	\$ 2,514,837		

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended December 31, 2012)

	Governmental Activities			
	2013	2012		
Expenses:				
Public Works	\$ 1,247,985	\$ 1,170,922		
Depreciation	143,557	128,315		
Total Expenses	1,391,542	1,299,237		
General Revenues:				
Taxes - Sales	1,471,068	1,498,569		
Interest Income	3,308	4,516		
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Assets		36,717		
Total General Revenues	1,474,376	1,539,802		
Change in Net Position	82,834	240,565		
Net Position - Beginning of Year	2,483,226	2,242,661		
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 2,566,060	\$ 2,483,226		

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

BALANCE SHEET - GENERAL FUND

DECEMBER 31, 2013

(With Comparative Totals as of December 31, 2012)

	General Fund			
	2013	2012		
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 663,907	\$ 465,358		
Investments	900,498	897,496		
Sales Tax Receivable, Net of Collection Fees	241,001	237,007		
Prepaid Insurance	43,810	42,634		
Prepaid Health Insurance Deductibles	5,509	-		
Other Assets	879	879		
Total Assets	\$ 1,855,604	\$ 1,643,374		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	\$ 6,291	\$ 7,899		
Accrued Salaries	12,103	8,575		
Other Liabilities	4,281	11,460		
Total Liabilities	22,675	27,934		
Fund Equity:				
Nonspendable:				
Prepaid Expenses	49,319	42,634		
Unassigned	1,783,610	1,572,806		
Total Fund Balances	1,832,929	1,615,440		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 1,855,604	\$ 1,643,374		

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

DECEMBER 31, 2013 (With Comparative Totals as of December 31, 2012)

		2013		2012
Fund Balance - Total Governmental Fund	\$	1,832,929	\$	1,615,440
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because:				
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund	al			
Governmental Capital Assets		2,051,849		2,041,639
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(1,313,733)	(1,170,176)
		738,116		871,463
Long term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore not reported in the governmental fund:				
Compensated Absences		(4,985)		(3,677)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	2,566,060	\$ 2	2,483,226

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

(With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended December 31, 2012)

	General Fund			
	2013	2012		
Revenues:				
Sales Tax Collected	\$ 1,471,068	\$ 1,498,569		
Interest	3,308	4,516		
Total Revenues	1,474,376	1,503,085		
Expenditures:				
Public Works:				
Salaries	609,896	547,241		
Benefits	236,494	255,099		
Payroll Taxes	48,623	43,702		
Per Diem - Board Members	11,400	11,000		
Sales Tax Collection Fees	29,510	33,396		
Contract Labor	-	5,429		
Insurance	102,625	102,382		
Other Operating Expenses	18,183	19,620		
Professional Fees	46,032	33,350		
Repairs and Maintenance	54,107	36,690		
Supplies	24,198	26,920		
Utilities	20,130	16,981		
Vehicle	45,479	41,871		
	1,246,677	1,173,681		
Capital Outlay	10,210	205,753		
Total Expenditures	1,256,887	1,379,434		
Excess of Revenues Over				
Expenditures	217,489	123,651		
Other Financing Source:				
Sale of Capital Asset	-	49,915		
Excess of Revenues and Other				
Sources Over Expenditures	217,489	173,566		
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	1,615,440	1,441,874		
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 1,832,929	\$ 1,615,440		

The accompanying notes constitute an integral part of this statement.

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended December 31, 2012)

	2013	2012
Net Change in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Fund	\$ 217,489	\$ 173,566
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This the difference between capital outlays and depreciation in the period:	is	
Capital Outlays	10,210	205,753
Depreciation Expense	(143,557)	(128,315)
	(133,347)	77,438
Add accumulated depreciation on capital assets retired during the year		170,000
Less cost basis of capital assets retired during the year	-	(183,198)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:		
(Increase) Decrease in Compensated Absences Payables	(1,308)	2,759
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 82,834	\$ 240,565

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

		Ominima 1	Final			ariance ith Final
		Original Budget	Budget	Actual		im rinai Budget
Revenues:		Dauget	 Duager	 1 tottiai		Juagot
Sales Tax Collected	\$	1,545,000	\$ 1,420,000	\$ 1,471,068	\$	51,068
Interest		250	 251	3,308		3,057
Total Revenues		1,545,250	 1,420,251	 1,474,376	****	54,125
Expenditures:						
Public Works:						
Salaries		610,000	630,000	609,896		20,104
Benefits		300,000	300,000	236,494		63,506
Payroll Taxes		65,000	65,000	48,623		16,377
Per Diem - Board Members		12,500	12,500	11,400		1,100
Sales Tax Collection Fees		55,000	55,000	29,510		25,490
Insurance		135,000	135,000	102,625		32,375
Other Operating Expenses		34,500	34,500	18,183		16,317
Professional Fees		45,000	60,000	46,032		13,968
Repairs and Maintenance		50,000	70,000	54,107		15,893
Supplies		34,500	34,500	24,198		10,302
Utilities		20,000	22,000	20,130		1,870
Vehicle		55,000	 60,000	 45,479		14,521
		1,416,500	1,478,500	1,246,677		231,823
Capital Outlay		500,000	 250,000	 10,210		239,790
Total Expenditures		1,916,500	1,728,500	1,256,887		471,613
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures		(371,250)	(308,249)	217,489		525,738
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		1,615,440	 1,615,440	 1,615,440		-
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	1,244,190	\$ 1,307,191	\$ 1,832,929	\$	525,738

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2013

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies -

Livingston Parish Gravity Drainage District Five "the District" is a corporate body created by the Livingston Parish Council, as provided by Louisiana Revised Statutes R.S. 38:1751, et. seq. The District is governed by a board of five commissioners. The board members are compensated for meeting attendance at a rate of \$100 per meeting. The District is located in Walker, Louisiana.

On January 15, 2005, an election was held whereby the voters of Livingston Parish Gravity Drainage District Five approved the renewal of a ½% sales and use tax for ten years expiring in 2015 for the purpose of "constructing, improving and maintaining drainage facilities within and for the district and purchasing necessary equipment".

On October 28, 2013, the District passed a resolution requesting an election to be held on April 5, 2014. The purpose of the election is to renew the one half of one percent sales tax for a period of ten years for acquiring drainage works, equipment and facilities necessary to construct, maintain, and operate outlets for the water of the District, and prevent flooding. The voters of the District elected to renew the sales tax for ten years on the election held on April 5, 2014.

The District's taxes are collected by the Livingston Parish School Board and are remitted to the District monthly. The District pays the School board a fee for this service.

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting. On June 30, 2013, the GASB issued a codification of the existing Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards which, along with subsequent GASB pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations), constitutes GAAP for governmental units. The more significant of these accounting policies are described below and, where appropriate, subsequent pronouncements will be referenced.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

This report includes all funds which are controlled by or dependent on the District's Board of Commissioners. Control by or dependence on the board was determined on the basis of taxing authority, authority to issue debt, election or appointment of governing body, and other general oversight responsibility.

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board, Statement 61, the District is a component unit of the Livingston Parish Council, the governing body of the parish. The accompanying financial statements present information only on the funds maintained by the District and do not present information on the Council and the general government services provided by that governmental unit.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2013

B. Basis of Presentation

The District's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the District as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the District's major fund). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. There were no activities of the District categorized as a business-type activity.

Basic Financial Statements - Government-Wide Statements

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, the governmental activity column (a) is presented on a consolidated basis by column, (b) and is reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of the District's functions. The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while capital grants reflects capital-specific grants. The District does not have any program revenues, operating grants, or capital grants.

The net costs (by function) are normally covered by general revenue (taxes, interest and investment earnings, etc).

The District does not allocate indirect costs.

This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the District as an entity and the change in the District's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

Basic Financial Statements - Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the District are reported in an individual fund in the fund financial statements. This fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund equity, revenues and expenditures. This fund is reported by generic classification within the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2013

The District uses the following fund type:

Governmental Funds:

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental fund of the District:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. At December 31, 2013, it is the only fund of the District.

C. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

1. Accrual -

The governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

Revenues of the District consist principally of sales taxes and interest income. Interest income is recorded when earned. Sales taxes are recorded as revenues when the underlying transaction occurs and meets the availability criteria.

2. Modified Accrual -

The governmental funds financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means that the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means that the amount of the transaction is collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. A sixty day availability period is used for revenue recognition for all governmental fund type revenues. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Depreciation is not recognized in the Governmental Fund Financial Statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2013

D. Deposits and Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. State law and the District's investment policy allow the District to invest in collateralized certificates of deposit, government-backed securities, commercial paper, the state-sponsored investment pool, and mutual funds consisting solely of government-backed securities.

E. Receivables and Revenues

Sales and use taxes receivable are reported net of collection cost charged by the Livingston Parish School Board for collecting the tax on behalf of the District. Sales tax revenue and receivable are recorded in the month collected by the vendor.

F. <u>Prepaid Items</u>

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

G. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, equipment, and vehicles, are reported in the applicable governmental columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The district maintains a threshold level of \$500 or more for capitalizing capital assets.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

All capital assets, other than land, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings and Improvements	10 to 40 years
Machinery and Equipment	5 to 12 years
Furniture and Fixtures	5 years
Vehicles	5 to 10 years

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2013

H. Budgetary Practices

The District utilizes the following budgetary practices:

- 1. The District Clerk prepares a proposed budget and submits same to the Chairman and Board of Commissioners no later than fifteen days prior to the beginning of each fiscal year.
- 2. A summary of the proposed budget is published and the public notified that the proposed budget is available for public inspection. At the same time, a public hearing is called.
- 3. A public hearing is held on the proposed budget at least ten days after publication of the call for the hearing.
- 4. After the holding of the public hearing and completion of all action necessary to finalize and implement the budget, the budget is adopted through passage of an ordinance prior to the commencement of the fiscal year for which the budget is being adopted.
- 5. Budgetary amendments involving the transfer of funds from one department, program or function to another or involving the increase in expenditures resulting from revenues exceeding amounts estimated require the approval of the Board of Commissioners.
- 6. All budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.
- 7. A Budget for the general fund is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Accordingly, the budgetary comparison schedules present actual expenditures in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States on a basis consistent with the legally adopted budgets as amended. All budgetary amounts presented reflect the original budget and the amended budget (which have been adjusted for legally authorized revisions of the annual budget during the year).

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013, actual revenues were above final budgeted appropriation and actual expenditures were below final budgeted appropriations in variances within the 5% statutory guidelines and there were no violations of the Louisiana Local Budget Act.

I. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2013

J. Encumbrances

Encumbrances outstanding at year end do not represent GAAP expenditures or liabilities but represent budgetary accounting controls. The Governmental Fund's budget is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting except that budgetary basis expenditures include purchase orders and contracts (encumbrances) issued for goods or services not received at year end.

The actual results of operations are presented in accordance with GAAP and the Commission's accounting policies do not recognize encumbrances as expenditures until the period in which the goods or services are actually received and a liability is incurred. At December 31, 2013, the District had no outstanding encumbrances.

K. Accumulated Unpaid Vacation and Sick Pay

The District has the following policy related to vacation and sick leave:

Vacation is earned from the first day of employment but cannot be taken until after the first year of employment. Full time employees with one to seven years of continuous employment receive ten working days of paid vacation each year. Employees with eight to seventeen years of continuous employment receive fifteen working days of paid vacation each year. Employees with eighteen or more years of continuous service receive twenty working days of paid vacation each year. Employees may carry over one week of accrued vacation time to the following year. However, any vacation will be forfeited if not taken after June 30th of the following year. If termination occurs after six months of continuous service, the terminated employee shall receive payment for the unused vacation earned. As of December 31, 2013, the accrued liability for unpaid vacation benefits amounted to \$4,985.

Full time employees with one to three years of continuous service may earn ten days of sick leave per year. Employees with three to ten years of service earn fifteen days of sick leave per year. Employees with ten or more years of service earn twenty days of sick leave per year. Unused sick leave can be accumulated to a maximum of 320 hours. Unused sick leave cannot be paid out to employees upon termination.

In accordance with GASB-16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, no liability has been accrued for unused employee sick leave.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2013

L. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. The net investment in capital assets component of net position consists of capital asset costs, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balance of any debt proceeds used for the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets.

M. Summary Financial Information for 2012

The financial statements include certain prior year summarized information in total. Such information does not include sufficient details to constitute a presentation in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2012, from which the summarized information was derived.

N. Fund Equity

The District implemented the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54 which redefined how fund balances are presented in fund financial statements. In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable - Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of the state or federal laws, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors.

Committed - Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the District board. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action that was employed when the funds were initially committed.

Assigned - Amounts that are designated as committed by the District board but are not spendable until a budget ordinance is passed.

Unassigned - All amounts not included in other spendable classifications. The District board has not adopted a policy to maintain the general fund's unassigned fund balance above a certain minimum level.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2013

The details of the fund balances are included in the Balance Sheet - General Fund (page 12). As noted above, restricted funds are used first as appropriate. Assigned Funds are reduced to the extent that expenditure authority has been budgeted by the District board or the assignment has been changed by the District board. Decreases to fund balance first reduce Unassigned Fund balance; in the event that Unassigned becomes zero, then Assigned and Committed Fund Balances are used in that order.

(2) Cash and Cash Equivalents -

For reporting purposes, cash and cash equivalents include cash, demand deposits, and time certificates of deposit with original maturity dates of 90 days or less. Under state law the District may deposit funds within a fiscal agent bank organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, any other state in the union, or under the laws of the United States. Further, the District may invest in time deposits or certificates of deposit of state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana.

Cash and cash equivalents and investments are stated at cost, which approximates market. These deposits must be secured under state law by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the bank. The following is a summary of cash and cash equivalents and investments at December 31, 2013:

	Book <u>Balance</u>	Bank <u>Balance</u>
Petty Cash Deposits in Bank Accounts	\$ 250 _663,657	\$ - _663,789
	\$ 663,907	\$ 663,789
		A

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. As of December 31, 2013, \$413,789 of the District's bank balance of \$663,789 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging institution's trust department or agent, but not in the District's name.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2013

(3) Investments -

Investments at December 31, 2013, consist of \$598,599 in certificates of deposits with original maturity dates greater than 90 days which are stated at cost which approximates market. Investments also consist of \$301,899 in the Louisiana Asset Management Pool (LAMP), a local government external investment pool. The LAMP investment is stated at the value of the pool shares, which is the same as the fair value.

LAMP is administered by LAMP, Inc., a non-profit corporation organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana. Only local government entities having contracted to participate in LAMP have an investment interest in its pool of assets. While LAMP is not required to be a registered investment company under the Investment Company Act of 1940, its investment policies are similar to those established by Rule 2a7, which governs registered money market funds. The primary objective of LAMP is to provide a safe environment for the placement of public funds in short-term, high quality investments. The LAMP portfolio includes only securities and other obligations in which local governments in Louisiana are authorized to invest in accordance with LSA-R.S. 33:2955.

LAMP is a 2a7 - like investment pool. The following facts are relevant for 2a7 like investment pools:

- <u>Credit risk:</u> LAMP is rated AAAm by Standards and Poor's.
- <u>Custodial credit risk</u>: In the case of LAMP participants' investments in the pool are evidenced by shares of the pool. Investments in pools should be disclosed, but not categorized because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book-entry form. The public entity's investment is with the pool, not the securities that make up the pool; therefore, no disclosure is required. In the case of certificates of deposit, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's investments may not be returned to it. As of December 31, 2013, none of the District's investments in certificates of deposits of \$598,599 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was fully insured.
- <u>Concentration of credit risk</u>: Pooled investments are excluded from the five percent disclosure requirement.
- <u>Interest rate risk</u>: 2a7-like investment pools are excluded from this disclosure requirement per paragraph 15 of the GASB 40 statement. The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investments' maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value arising from increasing interest rates.
- Foreign currency risk: Not applicable to 2a7-like pools.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2013

The dollar weighted average portfolio maturity of LAMP assets is restricted to not more than 90 days, and consists of no securities with a maturity in excess of 397 days.

LAMP is designed to be highly liquid to give its participants immediate access to their account balances. The investments in LAMP are stated at fair value based on quoted market rates. The fair value is determined on a weekly basis by LAMP and the value of the position in the external investment pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

LAMP, Inc. is subject to the regulatory oversight of the state treasurer and the board of directors. LAMP is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. LAMP, Inc., issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LAMP, Inc. That report may be obtained by writing to LAMP, Inc., 228 St. Charles Avenue, Suite 1123, New Orleans, Louisiana 70130, or by calling (800) 249-5267.

(4) Receivables -

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectible accounts are based upon historical trends and the period aging and write-off of accounts receivable. The major receivable balance for the governmental activities is from sales tax.

In the fund financial statements, the material receivable in governmental funds also includes a revenue accrual for sales tax, since it is both measurable and available. Non-exchange transactions collectible but not available are deferred in the fund financial statements in accordance with modified accrual, but not deferred in the government-wide financial statements in accordance with the accrual basis. Interest and investment earnings are recorded only if paid within 60 days, since they would be considered both measurable and available. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging and write-off of accounts receivable.

The Governmental Fund receivables at December 31, 2013 consist of the following:

	General
	<u>Fund</u>
Governmental Receivables:	
Sales Tax Receivable	\$ 241,001

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2013

(5) Changes in Capital Assets -

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2013 is as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance December 31, 2012	Additions	Deletions	Balance December 31, 2013
Capital Assets not being Depreciated	:			
Land and Right of Way	\$ <u>73,878</u>	\$	\$	\$ <u>73,878</u>
Total Capital Assets not being Depreciated	73,878	-	-	73,878
Capital Assets being Depreciated:				
Building and Improvements	308,672	**	-	308,672
Equipment	1,383,384	10,210	-	1,393,594
Furniture and Fixtures	22,675	-	-	22,675
Vehicles	253,030		-	<u>253,030</u>
Total Capital Assets being Depre	ciated 1,967,761	10,210	-	1,977,971
Less Accumulated Depreciation f	or:			
Buildings and Improvements	72,559	8,581	-	81,140
Equipment	894,299	113,237	-	1,007,536
Furniture and Fixtures	17,618	1,403	••	19,021
Vehicles	185,700	20,336		206,036
Total Accumulated				
Depreciation	1,170,176	143,557	-	1,313,733
Total Capital Assets being	W-4			And the second s
Depreciated, Net	797,585	(133,347)		664,238
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 871,463	\$ (133,347)	\$ -	\$ 738,116

Depreciation expense for the year ended December 31, 2013 is \$143,557, as reported in the Statement of Activities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2013

(6) Long-Term Debt -

The Livingston Parish Gravity Drainage District Five has no long-term debt transactions for the year ended December 31, 2013.

(7) Leases -

The District has no outstanding capital or operating leases at December 31, 2013.

(8) Litigation -

At December 31, 2013, there is no litigation pending against the District.

(9) Compensated Absences, Pension Plan, and Other Postemployment Benefits -

At December 31, 2013, the employees of the District have accumulated and vested \$4,985 of employee leave benefits, which was computed in accordance with GASB Codification Section C60. The District has no plan or provision for other post employment benefits.

Effective January 1, 2009, the District changed to a new IRC 403 (b) plan administered by Expert Plan in order to comply with a law change requiring written plan documents for 2009. Under the new plan, as with the old plan, there is no written guaranteed employer contribution. However, it is the District's current intention to continue similar timing for discretionary plan contributions based on a percentage of employee contributions determined by the Board. Retirement expense at December 31, 2013 was \$15,548.

(10) Per Diem Paid Board Members -

All of the Board of Commissioners receive a monthly per diem of \$100 per month for attending each regular or special meeting of the board. All Board Members serve five year terms. Per diems paid to the board members for 2013 were as follows:

Preston Killcrease, Chairman	\$ 2,100
W. Ramsey Huffinan, Vice Chairman	2,200
Richard Harris, Treasurer	2,400
Calvin Comeaux	2,300
Jimmy Dunlap	2,400
	\$11,400

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2013

(11) Contingency -

On September 25, 2008, the District entered into a Cooperative Endeavor Agreement (CEA) with the Livingston Parish Council (LPC) in accordance with Article VII Section 14 and Article VI Section 20 of the Louisiana Constitution. The purpose of the CEA was for the District to use the services of the contractor hired by the LPC for debris cleanup caused by Hurricane Gustav and to foster greater economy and efficiency than the District hiring its own debris cleanup contractor. According to the CEA, the LPC's debris contractor would remove all debris located within the confines of the District in accordance with the "Debris Removal Agreement" between the LPC and the contractor, and only the debris or areas that the District authorized the contractor to cleanup. According to the terms of the CEA, the District agreed to pay all cost related to the debris removal within the boundaries of its District including any cost declared ineligible for reimbursement by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA).

The contractor performed debris cleanup services from September 25, 2008 through approximately May 13, 2009, which is the date the LPC's President stopped all debris removal services being performed by the contractor. The total cost of the debris removal services performed by all contractors is the subject of a dispute between the LPC, the debris contractors and FEMA. As of date of the report, the District has not received detailed invoices to be able to determine the total liability that the District may owe under the terms of the CEA. Due to management not having the necessary invoice documentation to review and approve the debris removal costs associated with services performed within the boundaries of the District along with unresolved matters under dispute between the debris contractors, LPC and FEMA, management is not able to reasonably estimate a liability or estimate the receivable due from FEMA, if any, to record in these financial statements. Although no cost or invoice documentation has been provided to the District, management believes the liability owed and federal reimbursement receivable will likely be material to these financial statements.

(12) Subsequent Event -

On April 5, 2014, an election was held to renew the 1/2 % sales tax for an additional ten years. The previous renewal was approved by the voters of the District on January 15, 2005 for ten years expiring in 2015. The voters of the District approved extending the tax for an additional ten years on the election held on April 5, 2014.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON
INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL
REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND
OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT
OF THE COMPONENT UNIT FINANCIAL
STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE
WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE
AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE COMPONENT UNIT FINANCIAL
STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING
STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Commissioners Livingston Parish Gravity Drainage District Five Livingston Parish Council Walker, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Livingston Parish Gravity Drainage District Five, (the District) a component unit of the Livingston Parish Council, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 27, 2014.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose; however, under Louisiana Revised Statue 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Respectfully submitted,

Hannis J. Bourgeois, LAP

Denham Springs, Louisiana May 27, 2014

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Current Year Findings:

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

None

Compliance and Other Matters

None

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Prior Year Findings:

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

None

Compliance and Other Matters

None